## VOTE - Voter Outreach Through Education Washington Secretary of State

## UNITED STATES AND WORLD CURRICULUM GRADES 8-12 STUDENT HANDOUT, LESSON 4

THEME: GEE THAT'S DIFFERENT! COMPARING OUR RIGHTS

## **ACTIVITY:**

Read the information provided below and then answer the guestions that follow:

Monarchies and dictatorships characteristically restrict the right to vote, for example:

- In Saudi Arabia, no one has the right to vote.
- In the United Arab Emirates, no one has the right to vote OR run for election.
- Azerbaijan, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Jordan, Libya, Pakistan and Singapore all leave voting rights out of their Constitutions. It is
  optional for the government to grant it, not a right.
- Women activists in Kuwait held a demonstration in 2002 to demand the right of women to vote and run for public office. The
  protesters waved banners at two voter registration centers but were turned away.
- The King of Bahrain announced that women would finally be allowed to run for election there, as part of reforms to make the country more democratic. (BBC World Service News, February 2002)
- The male voters in Liechtenstein refused to give voting rights to women. (1971)
- Almost two million Pakistanis over 21 years of age, living in 76 countries, were told that they still would not be allowed to vote
  in Pakistani elections by mail-in ballot. Only those Pakistanis serving in diplomatic missions can exercise their right to vote
  through postal ballot. India and Bangladesh have also denied this right to their citizens living abroad.
- The Philippine Congress has yet to pass a bill that would allow more than seven million overseas Filipino workers to vote in
  national and local elections, even though such rights are guaranteed under their Constitution. These citizens abroad send
  about \$7 billion (United States) back to their country annually since they comprise 20 percent of the labor force.
- Although Australia is not a monarchy or dictatorship, mandatory voting in national elections is the law. There is a financial
  penalty for not voting.

## And in the United States:

- Our Constitution and its Amendments guarantee that all persons born or naturalized in the USA today are citizens with the right
  to vote at age 18, regardless of race, color or gender.
- The Uniformed and Overseas Citizen Absentee Voting Act (UOCAVA) enacted by Congress in 1986 requires that the states
  and territories allow citizens to register and vote absentee in elections for Federal offices. Those covered are members of the
  United States Uniformed Services and Merchant Marine, their family members, and United States citizens residing outside the
  United States.
- In addition, most states and territories have their own laws allowing citizens covered by the UOCAVA to register and vote as absentee voters in state and local elections as well.
- Washington State facilitates voting by absentee ballot: not only can you vote by mail, but you can also register to vote by mail.
   When registering to vote, you can even choose to become a permanent absentee voter, thus receiving all future ballots in the mail

Your group needs to choose a recorder who will write down the group's answers and explanations to the following questions that are based on the information above:

- A. Which fact most surprised your group? Why?
- B. Politically speaking, which situation runs most contrary to your beliefs? Explain.
- C. Which situation in nations other thatn the United States seems most undemocratic to your group? Why?